

# Work as a cultural worker in Sweden

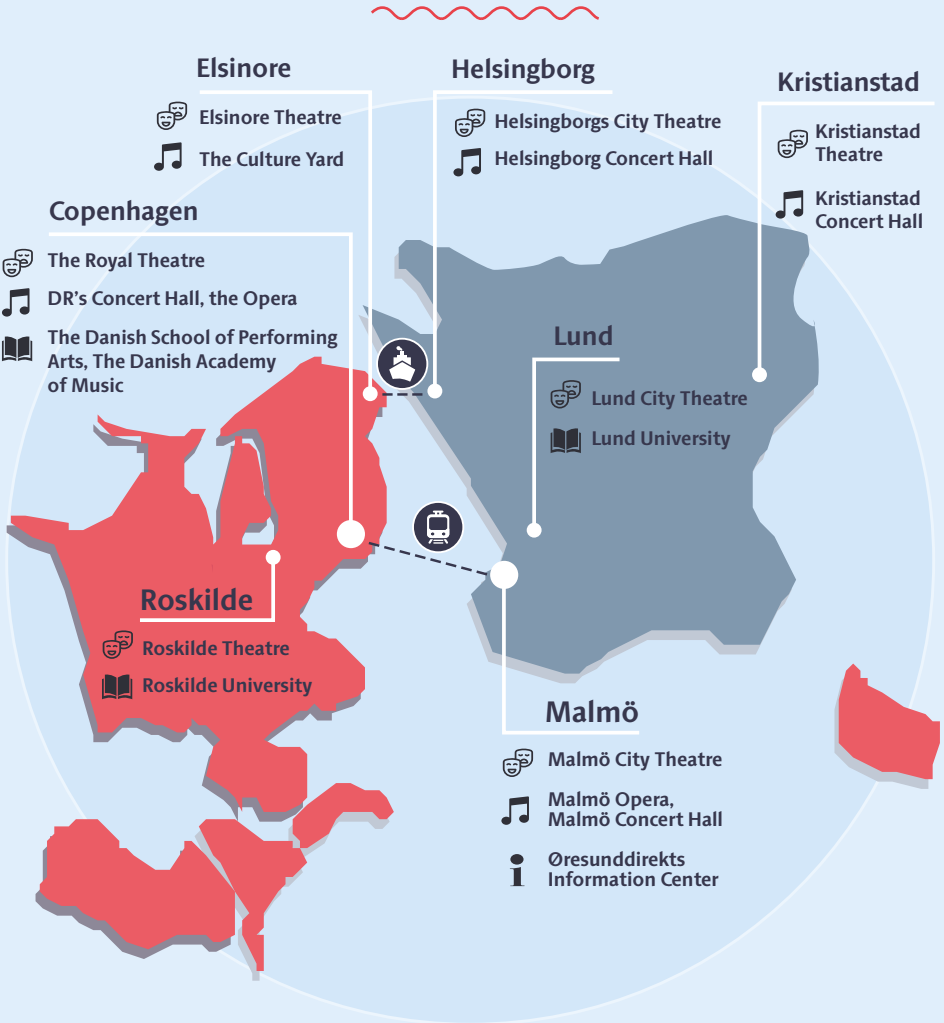
Øresunddirekt  
leads the way  
to the Swedish  
labour market



Øresunddirekt

# The Øresund Region

- a sea of opportunities for cultural workers



## Theatres

A number of theatres in the region creates jobs for cultural workers. The Royal Theater in Copenhagen and the city theatres in Malmö, Helsingborg, Lund, and Kristianstad to name a few.

## Concert halls

There are several concert and opera houses on both sides of Øresund: DR's Concert Hall and the Royal Opera in Copenhagen, as well as Malmö Opera and concert halls in Helsingborg, Malmö, and Kristianstad.

## Education

There are many opportunities to pursue an artistic education in the region. Some examples include the Danish School of Performing Arts, the Danish Academy of Music, Malmö Academy of Music, and Malmö Theatre Academy.

# Welcome to a region full of possibilities!



The Øresund region is a culture region to be reckoned with. Two countries with a rich cultural life and a large number of cultural institutions surrounds the Sound. Joint events, long-term culture collaborations between Danish and Swedish theatres, and not forgetting all the people that move in both directions across the Sound to enjoy culture in the region. As a cultural worker, this is the perfect place to be – you get access to the entire Øresund region, as well as the proximity to Europe with all its scenes.

Working as a cultural worker in the Øresund region does not just mean access to a world full of possibilities - it can also be quite challenging if you are not well informed about the rules that apply. If you work alternately in both countries, it is not always clear where you should be paying taxes, in what country you are socially insured, what unemployment fund to join and how and where you earn a pension.

Øresunddirekt is a Swedish-Danish information service that provides public information to people working, studying, running a business on the other side of Øresund, or that plan to move across the Sound. In this brochure, we have attempted to collect information that relates to the specific situation of cultural workers who often move between countries on shorter assignments and projects.

We hope that the information given in this brochure will give you a first insight of what is important for you to consider. For more information and guidance regarding to your specific case, please contact our Information Center in Malmø, and we will do our best to help you.

## Individual guidance at Øresunddirekt

- > Visit our Information Center in Malmø
- > Contact us by phone: **+46 40 17 64 00** or email: **oresunddirekt@lansstyrelsen.dk**
- > More information can be found at **oresunddirekt.dk**

# 5 good reasons to work in Sweden



- 1 Sweden is close. It takes just over half an hour from Copenhagen C to Malmö C – it is the equivalent of going with train to Køge or Hillerød from Copenhagen C.
- 2 If you live in Denmark while working in Sweden, you have the opportunity to be taxed according to SINK regulation within certain subject areas. That means you only pay 25 percent in taxes.
- 3 You get to know a new work culture and get a new professional network. Experience from the Swedish labour market can strengthen your CV.
- 4 You can improve your Swedish language skills. Language is usually not an obstacle for English speakers looking for work in Sweden.
- 5 It is of course more fun to have a job in Sweden than to be unemployed in Denmark. There could be a shortage of workers within your professional field in Sweden at the same time as you are having difficulties finding a job in Denmark.

*Strategically, it's a great place to be – close to everything!*

Klara Ek, Freelance opera singer  
You can find the interview with Klara on page 11.



Photo: Malmö Opera

# Tips when you are looking for work in the cultural sector in Sweden!



Are you keen to explore the job opportunities on the other side of the Sound? That's not a bad idea at all! The pleasant, direct approach of Danes is often appreciated in Swedish workplaces. The way to apply for jobs in Sweden is not very different from what it's like in Denmark. We've put together a few tips below that can be useful to bear in mind.

## > Search on a broad front

It is very common for companies and organizations in the cultural sector to advertise vacancies on their websites, so one tip is to visit them regularly, follow them on social media or submit an unsolicited job application.

Tips on websites in the cultural sector that can be worth visiting:

> [stagepool.se](http://stagepool.se) - job bank in the field of culture

> [statist.se](http://statist.se) - the Nordic region's biggest casting site

> [arbetsformedlingen.se/platsbanken](http://arbetsformedlingen.se/platsbanken) - The Swedish Public Employment Service's jobs site

At our Information Center in Malmö you can also meet employment consultants who can offer you guidance on the Swedish labour market.

## > Apply spontaneously

If you have found an employer that seems interesting, you could try sending an unsolicited job application. It's not as common for Swedish employers to save applications for a long time, as is often the case in Denmark. It's a good idea to send your job application directly to the head of the department closest to your area of interest.

## > Tips for your CV

There's no shortage of advice out there on how to write the perfect application and get your dream job. Much of this advice is pretty universal: state why you want that particular job, don't write too much, enclose a detailed CV, and so on. At [arbetsformedlingen.se](http://arbetsformedlingen.se) there are several webinars with tips and advice when it comes to career choices and writing a CV. You can also pick up tips and find support in your job search at Øresunddirekt's Information Center.

## > Centrumbildningar

"Centrumbildningar" functions as branch-specific networks, and they can provide important contacts and tips on what it means to work within a specific area. Most "centrumbildningar" have a local unit in Malmö. There are theater centers, dance centers, drama centers, film centers, writers' centers, music centers, comics and more.

More info at: [centrumbildningarna.se](http://centrumbildningarna.se)

Find more tips at our website [oresunddirekt.dk](http://oresunddirekt.dk)

## > Examine the conditions of employment

The Danish and Swedish labour markets do differ somewhat, but it can be difficult to appreciate how different they are. One example is that the working week for a full-time job in Sweden may not exceed 40 hours. Also check whether you are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, which is more common in Sweden, and what is regulated within it.

## > Work permits

If you come from a Nordic country, you are free to travel to Sweden to live or work. If you are a citizen of another EU/EEA country, you are free to remain in Sweden for six months to look for work. If you are a citizen of a country outside the EU/EEA, there are several factors that determine whether you are entitled to a residence permit and work permit in Sweden.

Find out more at [migrationsverket.se](http://migrationsverket.se)

# IMPORTANT TO KNOW ABOUT TAX



If you are working as a cultural worker in the Øresund region, it is important that you familiarise yourself with the special rules and challenges that exist regarding tax. If you have any questions about what applies in your case, you are welcome to contact the Swedish Tax Agency at Øresunddirekt's Information Center for further information.

As an artist or cultural worker, you are in a special tax situation. If you engage in artistic activities, you may need to pay tax in both the country where you work and the country where you live. There is never any question of double taxation. You request tax credit in your income tax return. Put rather simply, tax credit means that any tax you paid in your country of employment is deducted from the tax you pay in your country of residence. If the tax in the country of residence is higher than in the country of employment, you are taxed on the difference in the country of residence. If you commute from your country of residence to a job in another country, you usually have limited tax liability in the country of employment. This means that only your income from work is taxed in that country, other income is taxed in the country of residence.

If you are resident in Denmark and have a job or a shorter assignment in Sweden, it is important to understand that the following factors may have an impact on your tax situation:

> **Does your work count as artistic activity?** If you are commuting from Denmark to a job in Sweden in which you perform in front of an audience with music, dance, theatre, etc., you will be taxed in Sweden with a special tax on artists, A-SINK, at 15 per cent, which your employer will deduct from your wages. Both private individuals and companies may be liable to tax under A-SINK. No deductions are allowed and there is no need to submit an income tax return in Sweden. You must declare your income in your Danish tax return, and if the Danish tax is higher, you must pay the difference in tax to Denmark.

If you work with something other than artistic activities – such as stage staff, director, choreographer or teaching – you are instead taxed through a special income tax for non-residents (SINK), which is 25 per cent. If you have SINK tax, no deductions are allowed and you do not have to submit an income tax return in Sweden. You should inform the Danish Tax Agency about your income from Sweden. You can find out more about how to apply for SINK tax at [oresunddirekt.com](http://oresunddirekt.com). The Swedish Tax Agency may, at your request, issue a certificate (extract) of paid A-SINK or SINK tax, if you need to show how much tax you have paid in Sweden.

> **Is the employer public or private sector?** If you are employed by and work for a public sector employer in Sweden, you will normally only pay tax in Sweden. If you perform any part of the work in Denmark, that part of your income should instead be taxed in Denmark, state in your Danish tax return that you had income from a public employer in Sweden. It can sometimes be difficult to know whether or not an employer is classified as public sector, if so, you should contact Skatteverket.

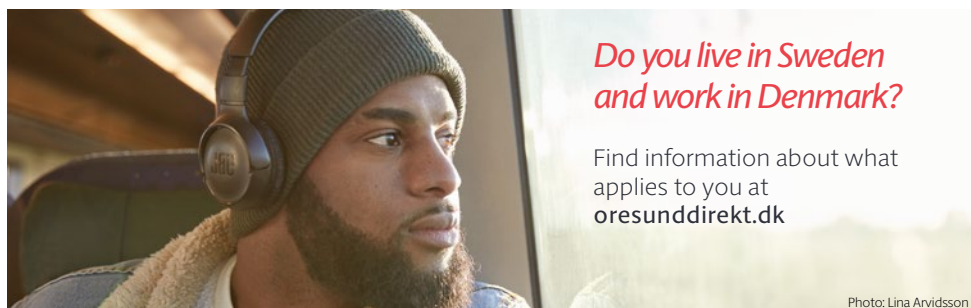


Photo: Lina Arvidsson

## If you are a sole trader in Denmark and perform work in Sweden

Compensation received by you/your company for artistic activities is taxed at an A-SINK rate of 15 per cent. This artist tax is deducted by the Swedish client. You do not normally need to submit an income tax return in Sweden. However, if your company operates at a permanent venue in Sweden for at least six months, you must declare income from the Swedish activities in Sweden.

You must declare the results for your entire business in your Danish tax return (årsopgørelsen). You will then also be taxed on your income from Sweden, but you should not be subject to double taxation. You request a tax credit for the Swedish tax in your Danish taxation. The Swedish Tax Agency can issue a certificate of tax paid in Sweden if you request one.

**A-SINK or artist tax** is a special tax in Sweden for artists and sportspersons living abroad. Both private individuals and companies may be liable to tax under A-SINK. Artist tax at 15 per cent is deducted by the employer.

**SINK tax** - special income tax in Sweden for non-residents, for which you apply to the Swedish Tax Agency if you have limited tax liability in Sweden. SINK tax at 25 per cent is deducted by the employer.

**Artist** is someone who makes a personal appearance in front of an audience or when recording sound or images featuring song, music, dance, theatre, circus or similar.

**Limited tax liability** If you neither live nor have previously lived in the country that pays you compensation, you have limited tax liability. The opposite is unlimited tax liability, which you will normally have in the country where you are resident.

**Public sector employer** - state, region, municipality, but sometimes also another publicly funded institution. To find out whether an employer is classified as public sector, it is best to contact the tax authority in the country of employment.



Photo: Lina Arvidsson

Questions? Contact the Swedish Tax Agency at Øresunddirekt for personal guidance on what applies in your particular situation. You can find contact details on page 15.



# IMPORTANT TO KNOW ABOUT PENSIONS



When you work in Sweden, you earn the right to build up a Swedish general pension. Where you are socially insured affects in which country you earn the public pension.

The Swedish pension system consists of three parts:

- > a public pension (allmän pension)
- > an occupational pension (tjänstepension)
- > a private part, if you choose to set money a side

In Sweden, a public pension is to a high degree funded by employer-paid social security contributions in addition to your salary. Each month, your employer must pay 31.42 percent (2020) of your gross pay in employers' contribution (for young people aged 18-26 and older than 65, the percentage is less). 10.21 percent of these contributions go to the payment of your pension. Of the total, 18.5 percent is paid to your future pension - the rest is made by your own deposit through your tax return - however a deposit which is deductible.

The Swedish public pension is made up of different parts, which most are linked to your annual income: Income pension - An income pension represents a substantial part of the Swedish state pension. 16 percent of your pensionable income and other taxable benefits are allocated to the income pension. Premium pension - A premium pension is like an income pension, financed by your employer and you pay social security contributions in addition to your salary. 2.5 percent of your pensionable income and other taxable benefits are allocated to the premium pension. Unlike an income pension, you can decide how the money should be placed.

Find out more about how and where you can place your money at [pensionsmyndigheten.se](https://pensionsmyndigheten.se).

Guarantee pension - A guarantee pension is a state-funded pension to ensure that people who have had very little or no income have an income when the person retires. To be entitled to a guarantee pension when you live in Sweden, you must have lived or worked in Sweden for at least three years. If you have had social security affiliation, in an EU/EEA country those years can be combined with the time you have in Sweden, but you must have had social security affiliation in Sweden for at least one year. The guarantee pension is reduced if you have an income pension, foreign pensions, etc.

When the time is near for you to retire, please contact the pension authority in your country of residence and make them aware that you have earned pension in Sweden. They send this information to the Swedish Pensions Agency, which calculates and pays your pension.



Photo: Matthew Bennett/Unsplash

## Occupational pension

When you start working in Sweden, it is a good idea to look into the pension agreements that apply to your workplace. The agreement means that you as an employee get a portion of your salary in the form of a pension. It is your employer who must setup an occupational pension on your behalf. Sometimes, you can decide which insurance company is to manage your pension money. If you have worked in different areas, you can have more than one occupational pension. When you have reached retirement age, you should contact the manager of your Swedish occupational pension yourself, as they will not be notified automatically. It is good to save documentation that shows which employers you have worked for and during which periods you were employed.

## Private pension

Although you earn both a public pension and an occupational pension, you can choose to supplement them with a private pension. A private pension is an optional scheme that you can draw up through your bank or pension company. Therefore, they are also the ones you should contact for more information on private pension savings.



# Important to know about social security



Having social security affiliation in a country means that you can be entitled to benefits such as parental allowance, sickness benefit and other benefits in that country. If you are working as a cultural worker in the Øresund region, it is important that you familiarise yourself with the special rules and challenges that exist. If you have any questions about what applies in your personal case, you are welcome to contact Försäkringskassan at Øresunddirekt for further information.

Social security in Denmark provides entitlement to, among other things, benefits such as sickness benefit, child benefit, parental allowance and national retirement pension. When you live and work in Denmark, you automatically have social security affiliation in Denmark. But if you choose to work in Sweden, or to move there, it may mean that you will have social security affiliation in Sweden instead.

You are essentially insured in the country where you perform your work. If you work in two or more countries at the same time and alternately, you will often have social security affiliation in the country where you live, if you perform enough work in that country. You should therefore be aware of the fact that if you work in several countries, it will affect your social security. There are special rules if you work for a public sector employer. Bear in mind that it is not enough for activities to be publicly funded, but it is Udbetaling Danmark and the Swedish Social Insurance Agency that determines whether you are to be treated as a public sector employee.

Find out more about social security when working in two countries at [oresunddirekt.dk](http://oresunddirekt.dk).



Photo: Lina Arvidsson

Questions? Contact the Swedish Social Insurance Agency "Försäkringskassan" at Øresunddirekt.

## Important points to bear in mind:

> You can only have social security affiliation in one country in the EU/EEA or Switzerland at a time.

> The general rule is that you should have social security affiliation in the country you perform your work, i.e. where you as a person are physically present when you perform your work. This is regardless of who the employer is, where the employer has its office or how the salary/compensation is paid. As a self-employed person, you must consider in which country you are performing the work and that you are not automatically insured in the country where your business is registered. If you are employed while at the same time having your own business, this also affects where you should have social security affiliation.

> If you work regularly in two or more countries, Udbetaling Danmark and the Swedish Social Insurance Agency must always assess where you should have social security affiliation. Contact the agency in the country where you live.

> The Danish and Swedish social security systems are funded in different ways, and the cost for employers differs significantly. It's therefore important to be aware of the consequences, before taking another job of any kind, and also before you choose to perform work in another country. The way the Swedish Social Insurance Agency and Udbetaling Danmark assess your social security affects what social security contributions all employers must pay.

> Public pension: In the country where you have social security affiliation, you earn pension rights based on your income. If you have worked in both Denmark and Sweden without having been assessed where you have social security affiliation, you may lose pension rights by not including income from one of the countries. The pension paid will then be much lower than if all income had been included.

> Where you have social security affiliation also determines which country's unemployment insurance fund you should be a member of.

# Opera singer Klara Ek has the entire Øresund region as her workplace



Klara Ek is opera singer, born and raised in Stockholm and educated at the Royal College of Music in Stockholm, studied opera at the Stockholm University of the Arts as well as at the Royal College of Music in London.



Photo: Malmö Opera

Klara moved to Copenhagen in 2006 and have since then worked as a freelance opera singer, working in large parts of the world such as the US, Japan, Germany Italy, and the rest of Europe. With an agent in London, Klara has worked on projects all over the world. Copenhagen has proved to be the perfect base for her professional career as an opera singer.

- Strategically, it's a great place to be – close to everything, says Klara. Klara can see clear advantages with living in the Øresund region, such as the proximity to the rest of Europe – easily reached from Copenhagen Airport which also provides easy access to most major cities in the world. Copenhagen provides excellent train connections to Hamburg and Sweden, which has also

proved to be an advantage. In recent years, Klara has felt a strong desire to work more locally and has taken on an increasing number of projects in the region through her Swedish agent.

- I've even had the opportunity to bike to work in Copenhagen, which is a privilege when working as a freelance opera singer.

Klara has also gotten a few jobs in Sweden, for example during spring 2020 when she worked at Malmö Opera with the production of Orpheus in the Underworld. During the production, Klara took the Øresund train from her home in Copenhagen to her job in Sweden.

*Strategically, it's a great place to be – close to everything!*

- My experience with cross border commuting has been incredibly positive! I appreciate that it creates a break in your day and you often meet colleagues on the train. It's great to be able to work on the train ride over Øresund and that you can combine your family life and work life, says Klara.

- The feeling of being able to live in Copenhagen and work in Sweden, and still have time to pick up your children from pre-school and come home to your family in Copenhagen at night is wonderful.

However, moving around on different assignments in different countries has not solely been a positive experience. Klara frequently feels that she lacks collected information for her occupational group regarding what rules to follow when you are crossborder commu-



Klara Ek as Diana in Orpheus in the Underworld Photo: Mats Bäcker / Malmö Opera

ting for shorter assignments. She has frequently felt that she is flying blind and that it has been difficult to find the right person to speak to about her specific situation at the different public agencies. Klara has encountered significant problems with social insurance registration and unemployment insurance herself. She also knows that she is not alone in having had these problems and that several colleges have faced the same issues.

- The dilemma is that you are not always aware of the rules when you accept the job and when you finally realize that this could cause an issue, it is already too late and has become a problem.

*It feels like flying blind  
and you do not know  
who to contact.*

Klara wishes that there had been a brochure like this when she moved to Copenhagen and started freelancing, emphasizing that more collected information for this specific

occupational group has been sorely missed. Klara does however find it easier to cross-border commute between Sweden and Denmark than taking on an assignment elsewhere in Europe. Apart from the distances being shorter and that it is easier to understand the language, there's a sense that Swedish and Danish public agencies have an established relationship that makes it easier to coordinate.

- For me, there's no better place to be, says Klara who looks forward to returning to Malmö Opera again in the autumn of 2021.

#### **Klara's advice to other commuting cultural workers in the Öresund region:**

- > Find an accountant who is knowledgeable in this field and who can help you.
- > Try to collect as much information as possible before you accept an assignment – it is harder to correct potential mistakes afterwards.
- > Find a network of colleges who are in the same situation. It has helped me a lot to be able to exchange experiences with people in a similar situation.

# CHECKLIST

## - to arrange when you get an employment in Sweden



### 1. MAKE SURE YOU HAVE A SWEDISH WORK PERMIT

If you come from another Nordic country, you can travel freely to Sweden to live or work there. If you are a citizen of an EU/EEA country, you can stay in Sweden for six months without applying for a registration certificate/residence permit. If you are a citizen of a country outside of the EU/EEA, there are several factors that determine whether you can be granted a residence permit and work permit in Sweden.

### 2. CHECK YOUR EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

Your employer is obliged to inform you of agreements in the workplace, working hours, start times, holidays and termination of employment. If there is a trade union agreement, your employer must inform you of it. Sweden is well-known for prioritizing quality of life in its labour laws. For example, parents of children up to a certain age have the right to work part-time. Parents who miss work in order to take care of a sick child (up to a certain age) can also receive compensation for lost income. All workers in Sweden receive at least five weeks of paid vacation per year.

### 3. GET A SWEDISH "COORDINATION NUMBER"

When you start working in Sweden, you must pay income tax in Sweden. Therefore, you must register with the Swedish Tax Authority, Skattemverket. You do not need to have a Swedish social security number to work in Sweden, but you must acquire a coordination number. You get a coordination number by applying for Swedish SINK taxation from the Swedish Tax Authority using a SKV 4350 form. You can find more information about how to apply for a coordination number at [oresunddirekt.dk](http://oresunddirekt.dk).

### 4. JOIN A SWEDISH A-KASSA AND TRADE UNION

If you live in Denmark and work in Sweden, and wish to have unemployment insurance, you should have it in Sweden. Join a Swedish

unemployment fund (a-kassa) on your first working day in Sweden. If you are insured against unemployment in the wrong country, you are considered uninsured. If you work in both countries, you should contact the designated EU-case worker at a Danish a-kasse. If you want to be a member of a trade union, you should also select a Swedish one as the Danish trade unions have no influence on the Swedish labour market. If you are already a member of an unemployment insurance fund and a trade union in Denmark, you should transfer your memberships to the Swedish counterparts. Please contact your Danish unemployment fund and/or trade union for information about how you do this.

### 5. REGISTER WITH FÖRSÄKRINGSKASSAN

When you work in Sweden, you must be registered with the National Agency for Social Insurance (Försäkringskassan). Registration means that you have social security in Sweden, and you are entitled to social benefits.

### 6. OPEN A SWEDISH BANK ACCOUNT

When you start working in Sweden, you must open a Swedish bank account to be able to receive your salary. Contact a Swedish bank to be sure which kind of documentation you need to bring. That could be, for example, an (Swedish) identification number or an employment contract. Do this as soon as possible, because it often takes some time to gather all this documentation.

#### > Are you a freelancer and about to take a job in Sweden?

In that case, certain items on this list might not apply to you. Instead, we advise you to contact Øresunddirekt's Information Center in Malmö to find out what you should consider when taking a job in Denmark. You will find contact information on page 15.

# Commuting over Øresund



Photo: Lina Arvidsson

## COMMUTING BY TRAIN

If you commute every day over Øresund with DSB Øresund trains, you only need one ticket that is valid on both trains and buses within your decided geographical boundary on the other side of the Sound. The ticket is valid on the Øresund train, DSB, InterCity, DSB S-train, MOVIA buses, the Metro and local Danish trains, as well as Skånetrafiken's busses and the Pågatåg on the Swedish side. DSB's Øresund tickets costs the same regardless of what direction you are travelling in. Tickets can be found in the DSB ticket machines, online at [dsb.dk](https://dsb.dk) or in the app.

**> For more information regarding tickets over Øresund, please visit [DSB.dk](https://dsb.dk).**

## BY CAR OVER THE ØRESUND BRIDGE

If you commute several times a year, it might be a good idea to look at the different packages offered by Øresundsbron. By purchasing a BroPass or by signing a commuter agreement, each trip will be cheaper than buying a ticket at the normal price.

**> Please visit [oresundsbron.com](https://oresundsbron.com) to read more about their current offers.**

## COMMUTING BY FERRY

There are frequent ferry connections between Elsinore and Helsingborg with ForSea or Sundbusserne. The trip takes about 20 minutes. The ferry service run almost all hours of the day. During the day, there's a ferry every 15 minutes.

**> Find more information at [forsea.se](https://forsea.se) and [sundbusserne.dk](https://sundbusserne.dk)**

More information about commuting across Øresund can be found at [oresunddirekt.dk](https://oresunddirekt.dk).



# Swedish and Danish authorities



A brief introduction to the authorities and websites that you probably need to have contact with if you commute between Sweden and Denmark for work.

## > Swedish authorities and websites:

### **Arbetsförmedlingen – the Swedish Public Employment Service**

If you live in Sweden and become unemployed, you should register at Arbetsförmedlingen on your first day as. You can visit Arbetsförmedlingen's website and it's job bank "Platsbanken" where you can find thousands of vacancies.

[arbetsformedlingen.se](http://arbetsformedlingen.se) [platsbanken.se](http://platsbanken.se)

### **Försäkringskassan - Swedish Social Insurance Agency**

Försäkringskassan administers social insurance in Sweden. If you are socially insured in Sweden you can apply for child allowance, housing allowance, sickness benefit and parental benefit etcetera.

[forsakringskassan.se](http://forsakringskassan.se)

### **Skatteverket – the Swedish Tax Agency**

The Swedish Tax Agency manages civil registration of private individuals and collects taxes such as personal income tax, corporate tax, VAT and excise tax. The Swedish Tax Agency receives and examines the Swedish income tax return. They also issue ID cards to people who are registered in Sweden.

[skatteverket.se](http://skatteverket.se)

### **Pensionsmyndigheten - the Swedish Pensions Agency**

The Swedish Pensions Agency is responsible for and pays your Swedish public pension. They can inform and answer questions about how the pension system works and what applies to you. They cooperate with other European pension authorities to pay earned pension in Sweden, to persons living abroad.

[pensionsmyndigheten.se](http://pensionsmyndigheten.se)

### **Migrationsverket - the Swedish Migration Agency**

In Sweden, the Migration Agency is the authority that considers applications from people who want to take up permanent residence in Sweden, work, seek protection from persecution or become Swedish citizens.

[migrationsverket.se](http://migrationsverket.se)

## > Danish authorities and websites:

### **Jobcenter - The Danish Public Employment Service**

As a job seeker in Denmark, you will primarily come into contact with a job center and jobnet.dk. The job center can help you upgrade your skills, expand your network and improve your applications and CV. If you receive cash benefits or unemployment benefits you must register as a job seeker with the job center. At jobnet.dk you can apply for jobs, upload your CV and find good advice on job search in Denmark.

[jobnet.dk](http://jobnet.dk)

### **Udbetaling Danmark**

Udbetaling Danmark is the Danish authority responsible for decision-making and payment of several different benefits, such as child allowance, parental allowance and national pension. The agency's area of activity is similar in some respects to the Swedish Social Insurance Agency's, mainly in the family area.

### **Life in Denmark**

Lifeindenmark.dk is the English content of borger.dk that presents public information and self-service. Lifeindenmark.dk contains articles that are relevant for you if you are going to Denmark to work.

[lifeindenmark.dk](http://lifeindenmark.dk) [borger.dk](http://borger.dk)

### **New to Denmark**

Newtodenmark.dk is the Danish Immigration Service and the Danish Agency for International Recruitment and Integration's official web portal about the rules for entering and residing in Denmark.

[newtodenmark.dk](http://newtodenmark.dk)

### **Skattestyrelsen – the Danish Tax Agency**

At Skattestyrelsen's website skat.dk, you can find information about tax rules, fees and duties and also get access to various services such as self-declaration (årsopgørelse), tax calculation and reporting of tax.

[skat.dk](http://skat.dk)



# About Øresunddirekt

## Information Centre and Web Team

Øresunddirekt is an information service that provides public information from public authorities to citizens and business in the Øresund region. The organization consists of an Information Center in Malmö and a Website Editorial Team / Communication Department in Copenhagen. At Øresunddirekt's Information Center in Malmö there are representatives from Arbetsförmedlingen, Försäkringskassan, Länsstyrelsen, Region Skåne and Skatteverket who provides information from public authorities with a regional perspective.

The Web Team of Øresunddirekt are located in Copenhagen and is financed by Region Skåne, the Danish Tax Agency, the Ministry of Industry, Business and Financial Affairs and the Nordic Council of Ministers. Øresunddirekt's Information Center in Malmö is financed by the Swedish Public Employment Service, the Swedish Social Insurance Agency, the Swedish Tax Agency, the County Administrative Board of Skåne, Region Skåne and the Nordic Council of Ministers.

## Contact us

At the Øresunddirekt Information Center on Hjälmaregatan 3 in Malmö, you can ask questions regarding public information on the other side of Øresund. We are here to help if you want to apply for a job, study, conduct business or move to Sweden. For our current opening hours, visit [oresunddirekt.dk](http://oresunddirekt.dk).

- > **Visiting address:** Hjälmaregatan 3, 211 18 Malmö
- > **Phone:** +46 40-17 64 00
- > **Email:** [oresunddirekt@lansstyrelsen.se](mailto:oresunddirekt@lansstyrelsen.se)

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